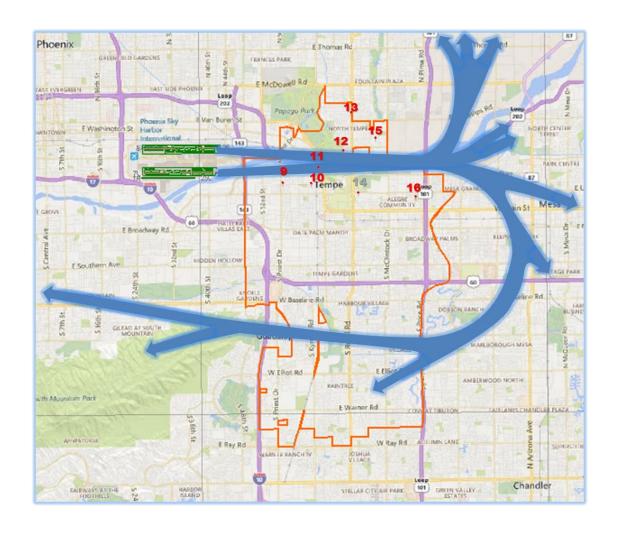


2017 3rd Quarter Noise Monitoring Report



PHX Noise Monitoring Sites in Tempe

Site 14 is under construction and the monitoring equipment has been removed until a site redevelopment project is completed.

Contents

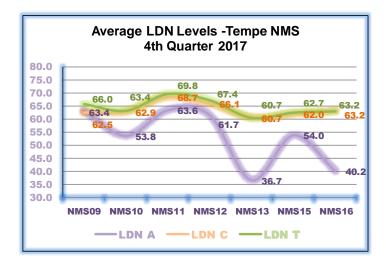
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Aviation Noise Monitoring

The Phoenix Sky Harbor International Airport (PHX) Noise and Flight Track Monitoring System (NFTMS) has eight fixed Noise Monitoring Sites (NMS) in Tempe located in neighborhoods around the Town Lake/ Rio Salado area. Through an agreement made with the City of Phoenix, the City of Tempe can access noise monitoring data collected by the system and use supporting software that filters the data to indentify the noise energy contributions attributed to aircraft operations over areas where the monitors are located.

A. Weighted Sound Exposure Levels

Average monthly sound exposure levels of aircraft events, are calculated from the Ldn or day-night average sound level also called Day Night Level (DNL) that includes a penalty of 10 dB (A) added for nighttime sound events occurring between 22.00-07.00 hours. This summary also includes a description of noise based on long-term equivalent level (Leq) Average sound levels created by aircraft, DNL or Ldn are a product of detection tools built in to the PHX NFTMS, which separate sound events registered at the monitoring site. The ambient sound events from all sources picked up at a monitoring site other than from aviation is the Ldn C. The sound events the NFTMS attributes to aircraft sound is the Ldn A. Ldn T is an expression of the total sound from all sources including aircraft noise.



The increases in average day-night sound levels from last quarter were registered by monitors closest to the runways in Tempe downtown areas.

B. East – West Equalization of Noise Burden

The airport Air Traffic Control Tower is directing large carrier departure traffic with the goal of accomplishing a 50/50 annualized east west split. A procedure for noise mitigation over Tempe delay jet aircraft turns away from the Salt River to the airspace over the Highway 202/101 intersection.

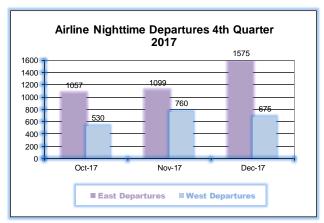
Departure flow east and west are determined over the year by daily and seasonal changes in wind directions, and the cities of Tempe and Phoenix have agreed that airport should attempt to distribute the noise burden from departing jets and large turboprop aircraft equally east and west on an annual basis including both day-and nighttime operations.



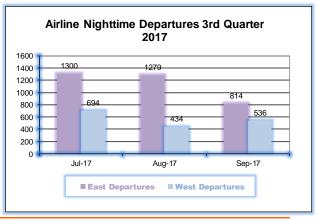
The volume of air carrier and corporate jet departures shifted from a dominant west flow to a dominant east flow the last quarter of 2017.

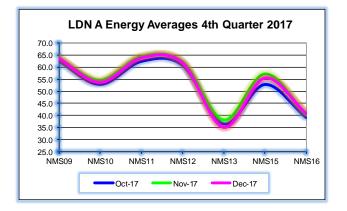


There was a total increase in departures to the east by 16.6% and departures to the west decreased overall by 4.1 % compared to the third quarter of 2017.

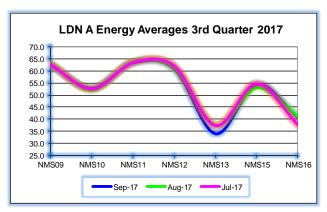


Night time departures occurring between 10:00 p.m. to 7:00 a.m. towards the east increased by 7.7% compared to the third quarter of 2017.



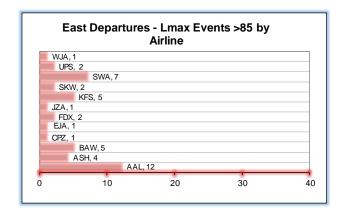


The day-night average noise levels registered at the noise monitoring sites in Tempe increased during the last two month of the fourth quarter at monitors south of the riverved in Tempe closest to the runways.



C. Registered Maximum Sound Energy Levels

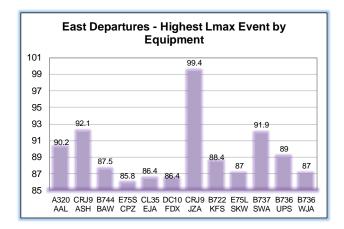
The number of higher sound energy level events attributed to airline operations varies each month, which influences monthly Ldn average levels. Lmax is the maximum A- weighted sound level, dB (A) registered during a sound event. A-weighted means the sound is measured at frequencies that reflect the sensitivity ranges of the human ear.



WJA: Westjet Airlines UPS: United Parcel Service SWA: Southwest Airlines SKW: Skywest Airlines KFS: Kalitta Flying Service JZA: Air Canada Jazz Airlines FDX: FedEx

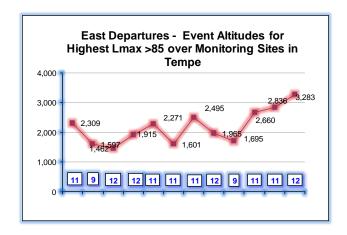
EJA: Netjets

CPZ: Compass Airlines BAW: British Airlines ASH: Mesa Airlines AAL: American Airlines

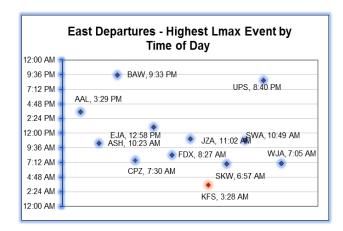


The graphs on this page rank the highest maximum magnitude (Lmax) of sound from a departing jet registered by an airport monitor in Tempe. They are not a ranking of the highest Sound Exposure Level (SEL), which adds up all sound occurring during a specific event.

The highest magnitude registered during the first quarter by a departing jet reached 99.4 dB, and was created by a Bombardier CRJ9 regional jet.



A British Airways B747 400 jet was at the lowest altitude, when it created noise of a magnitude of 87.5 dB (Lmax). The event was registered at the Curry Road monitoring site.



Noise magnitudes (Lmax) above 85 dB registered during night-time hours are depicted in red.

Information about the NFTMS and the City of Tempe agreement with the City of Tempe are available at www.tempe.gov/aircraftnoise.